Pismo - a triangular scarf

Design: Luise Bjerre

A classic triangular scarf in a wonderfully soft yarn. The scarf is identical on both sides and can be worn over the shoulder in the traditional style, or wrapped around the neck. Garter stitch is very easy to knit, and yet the knitting is nicely varied because you are alternating working with 1 and 2 yarns at the same time. Alternating between using 1 and 2 yarns - a pure lambs wool and a pure alpaca in identical shades, creates an interesting texture and an lovely play of color.

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Materials

100 g of New Zealand Lammeuld by Filcolana in color 231 (turquoise) = NZ 100 g of Indiecita by Filcolana in color 231 (dusty turquoise) = IN 4,5 mm circular needle, 80 cm long

Measurements

Length: 150 cm Height: 63 cm

Gauge

18 sts and 18 rigdes (= 36rows) in garter stitch (worked alternately in 2 rows with NZ and k1ow with NZ and IN) on 4,5 mm needles = $10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$.







Special abbreviations

<u>M1</u>: Make 1. Increase one stitch by lifting the chain between sts onto the left needle and knitting it through the back loop.

 \underline{SI} : Slip stitch or stitches purl-wise with the yarn in front.

Tbl: Through the back loop

Directions for knitting

The scarf is worked from the center out, while increases are worked at the beginning of each row and at the center of each row.

The scarf is worked using two yarns, NZ (New Zealand Lammeuld) and IN (Indiecita), alternating between knitting 2 rows in only NZ and k1ow with both yarns held together. When there is no more Nz left, a section is worked in IN only before all stitches are



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bound off.

The yarn over at the center of the work, which is knit through the back loops, functions as a sort of marker: Here you work 2 knit stitches and a yarn over. If the yarn over is hard to see, a stitch marker can be used instead.

Scarf

Cast on 4 sts on a 4,5 mm circular needle using NZ: Row 1: (NZ) K4.

Row 2: (NZ) K1, M1, k2, M1, sl1. (6 sts).

Row 3: (NZ) Twist the yarns together, k1, M1, (continue in IN and NZ) k1, M1, k2, M1, k1, M1, sl1. (10 sts).

Row 4: (NZ) k2, yarn over, k2, M1, k2, yarn over, k2, M1, sl2. (14 sts).

Row 5: (NZ) k2, yarn over, 3 r, knit the yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, 3 r, knit the yarn over tbl, sl2. (16 sts). Row 6: (NZ) Twist the yarns together, k2, yarn over, (continue in IN and NZ) k4, knit the yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, k4, knit the yarn over tbl, sl2. (18 sts). Row 7: (NZ) k2, yarn over, k5, knit the yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, k5, knit the yarn over tbl, sl2. (20 sts). Row 8: (NZ) k2, yarn over, k6, knit the yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, k6, knit the yarn over tbl, sl2. (22 sts). Row 9: (NZ) Twist the yarns together, k2, yarn over, (continue in IN and NZ) k7, knit the yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, k7, knit the yarn over tbl, sl2. (24 sts).

Continue by repeating the pattern row below while working 2 rows in the NZ only and then 1 row in one strand of each yarn held together. Remember to twist the yarns together on this row.

Pattern row: k2, yarn over, knit to the yarn over, knit yarn over tbl, k2, yarn over, knit to yarn over, knit yarn over tbl, sl2.

Edge and finishing

Continue in two strand of IN held together, when the NZ runs out. Work 12 more pattern rows. Work 1 row without increases before binding off.

Bind the edge off loosely: K2, there are now 2 sts of the right needle, slip them back on the left needle and knit them together (there is now 1 st on the right needle), *k1, slip the 2 sts back on the left needle and knit them together*. Repeat from * to * until all stitches are bound off. Weave in the ends.



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